

JOHN DEERE

Fertilizer Industry Roundtable

14 November, 2011



The Promise of Abundant, Sustainable Agriculture











TECHNOLOGY EVOLVES







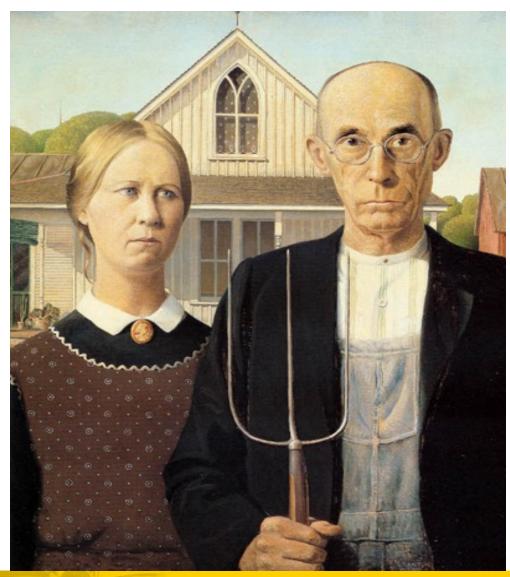


1956 IBM HARD DRIVE 5MB OF STORAGE





TECHNOLOGY EVOLVES







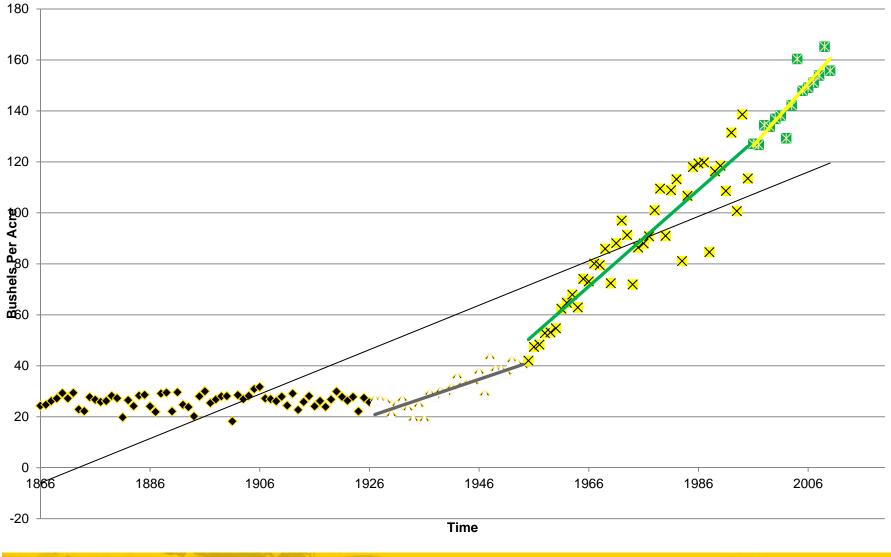
TECHNOLOGY EVOLVES





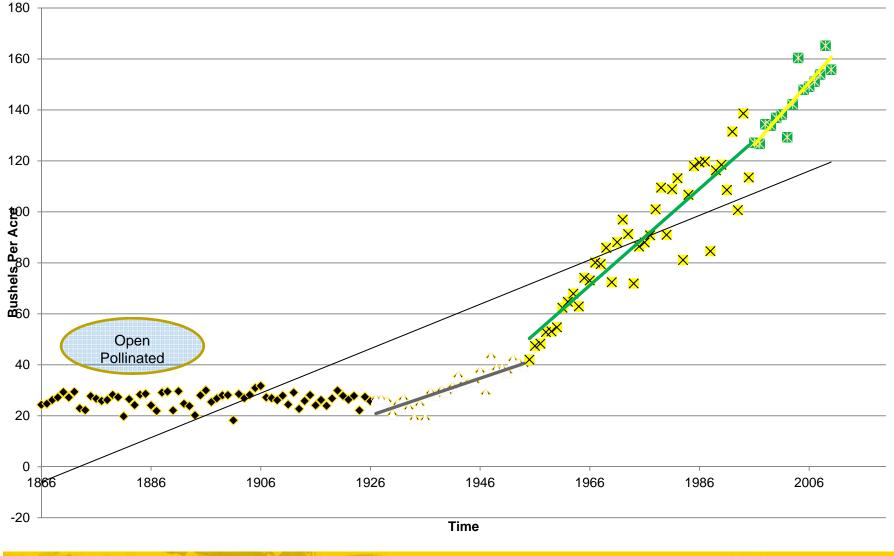


Can we grow enough corn?



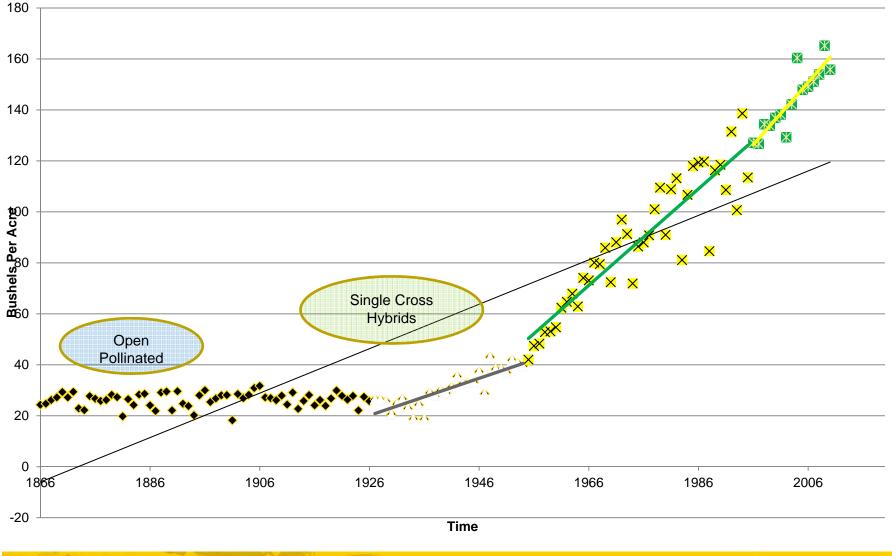






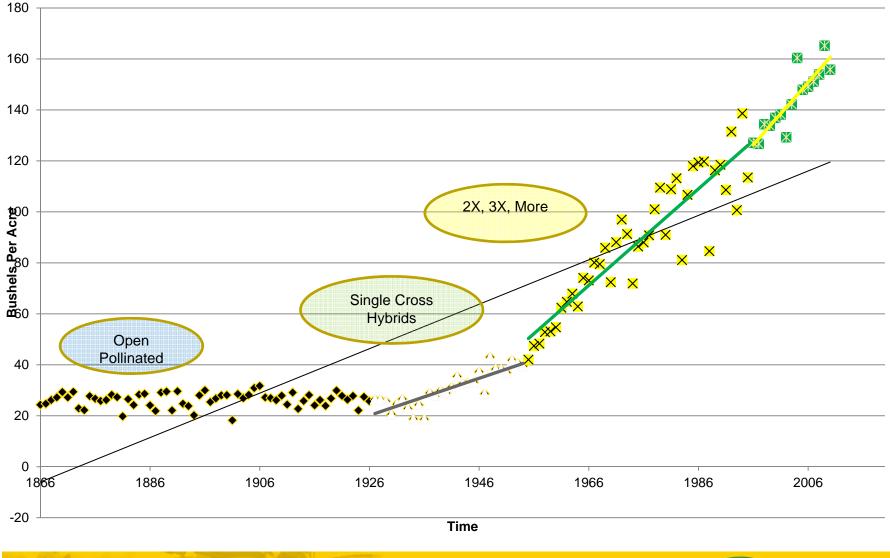






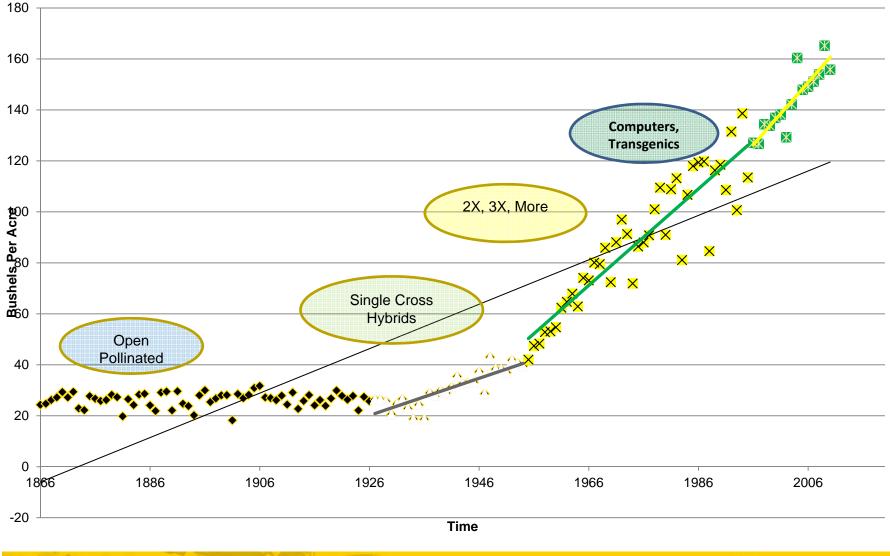






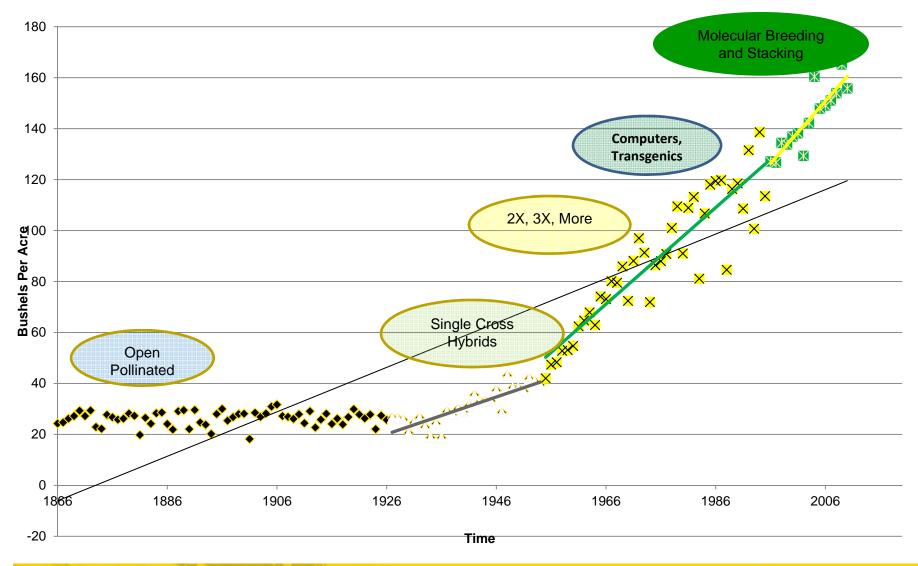






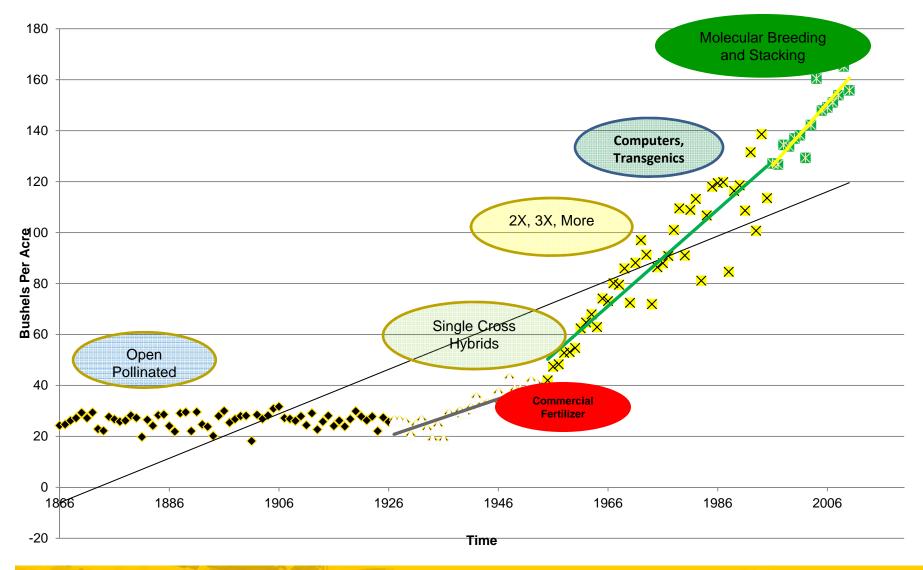


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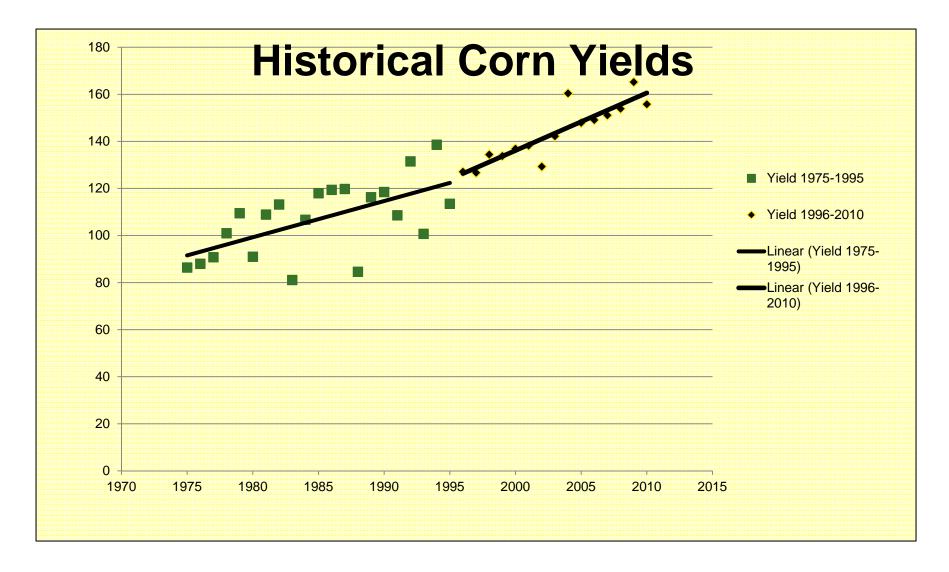
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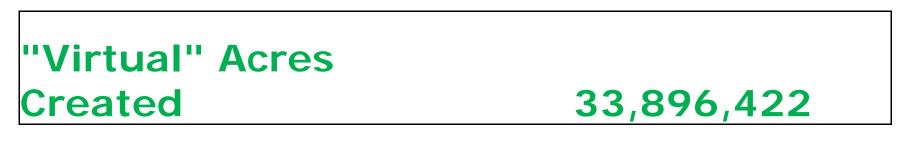




Productivity Per Acre

<u>20</u> Years of Progress

	Yield (Bushels Per Acre)	Acres To Produce 13 Billion Bushels
1989	116.3	113,499,570
2009	165.2	79,603,148









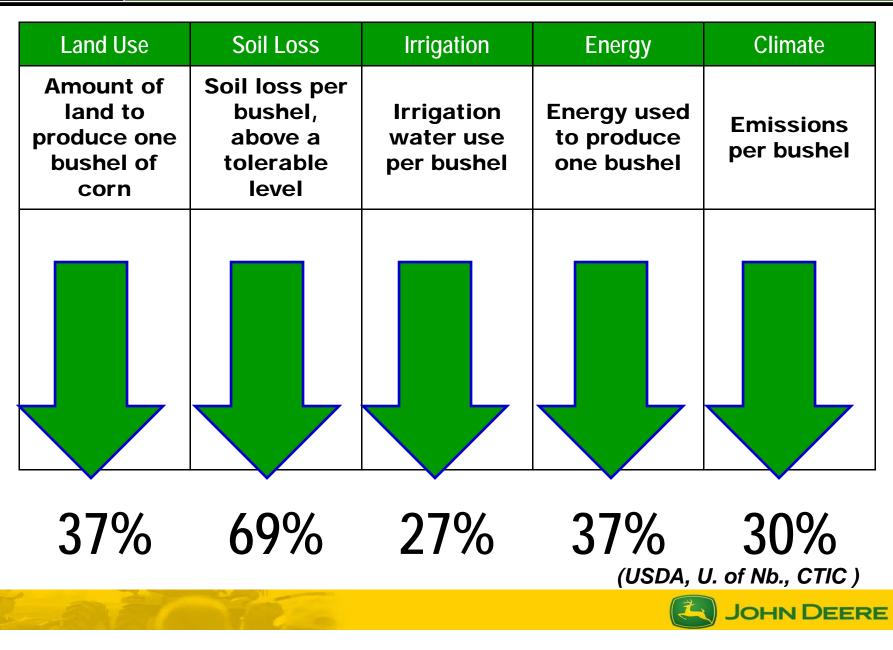
Farmland the size of Indiana lost to development– 23 Million Acres







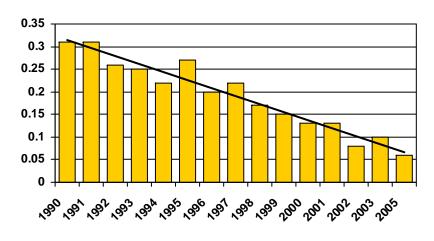
Sustainability Gains 1987-2007



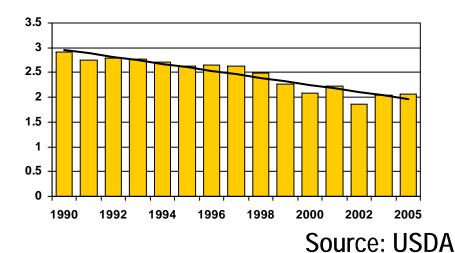


Increasing adoption of hybrids with insect-resistant and herbicide-tolerant traits and precision application have greatly reduced the need for synthetic applications of herbicides and insecticides.

Insecticide Pounds Per Acre



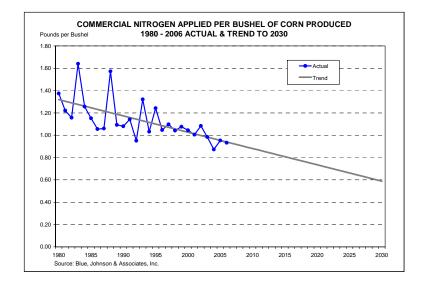
Herbicide Pounds Per Acre

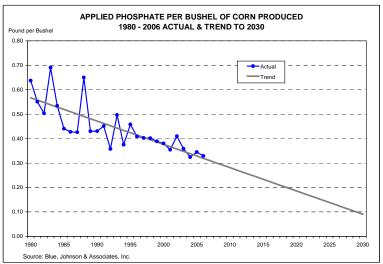


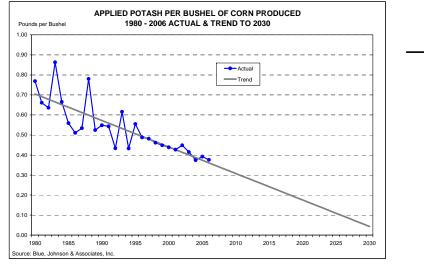
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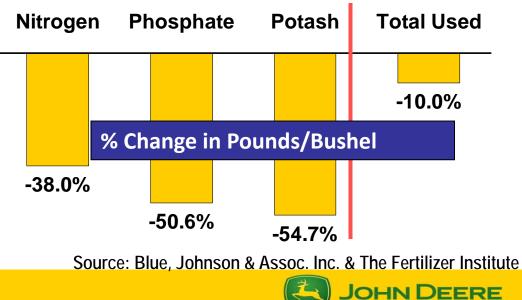


Sustainability Gains





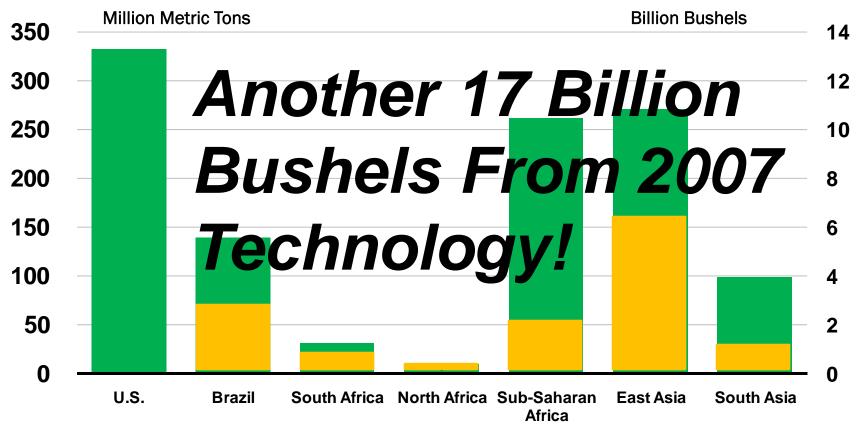






Developing World Productivity Opportunities

Corn production 2007, Actual and Potential with US yields.







ases Green House Gases

e disputed issues include the ises of increased global trend is unprecedented or within normal climatic variations, and wheth

Nitrogen Run-off Killing All the Wildlife

Top Soil Going Down the River

A major environmental concern known as topsoil erosion occurs when the topsoil layer is blown or washed away. Without topse¹¹ little plant ¹¹ approximately 500 years for one inch of topsoil to be deposited, but there are 25 billion tons of topsoil lost each yearCritics say

environmental and erations have mad platform for debate the nation's most cru





Sustainability Challenges

Environmental Groups Ask EPA to Limit Pollution Into 'Dead Zone'

Conservation organizations from nine states along the Mississippi River this week petitioned EPA for rulemaking under the Clean Water Act to set and enforce numeric limits on nitrogen and phosphorus flowing into the northern Gulf of Mexico that contribute to the gulf's "dead zone."





Apply: More Acres, More Rapidly, **More Precisely**, More Efficiently, More Sustainably.





The Biggerwider Solution







THE BIGGERWIDER SOLUTION









THE BIGGERWIDER SOLUTION









THE BIGGERWIDER SOLUTION







The Fork in the Road?

Biggerwider

- More horsepower
- More fuel consumption
- More carbon emissions
- More weight and compaction
- More capital expenditures





The Smarterbetter Solution





Technology Evolves

- Smarterbetter Technologies and Enablers
 - More soil friendly (less compaction)
 - Low draft loads (less horsepower, less carbon)
 - High residue capabilities
 - High speed operation
 - High speed "pit stops"
 - NH3 or UAN (urea may require too much soil disturbance)
 - More precision
 - Emphasis on productivity through efficiency





Technology Evolves

- Smarterbetter Cultural Practices
 - Enable split application—Make split applications practical and routine
 - Minimize carbon footprint
 - Minimize soil disturbance/erosion
 - Enable precise nutrient location
 - Silicone processors can be better than carbon processors at eliminating misapplication
 - Row by row control
 - Variable application tied to soil history, field location, permeability, etc







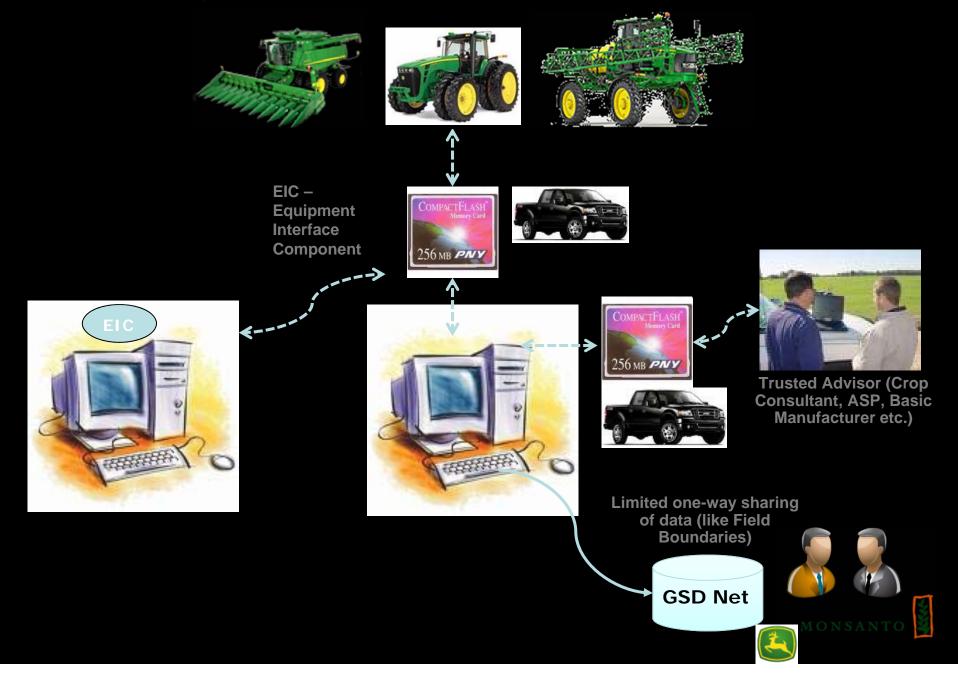




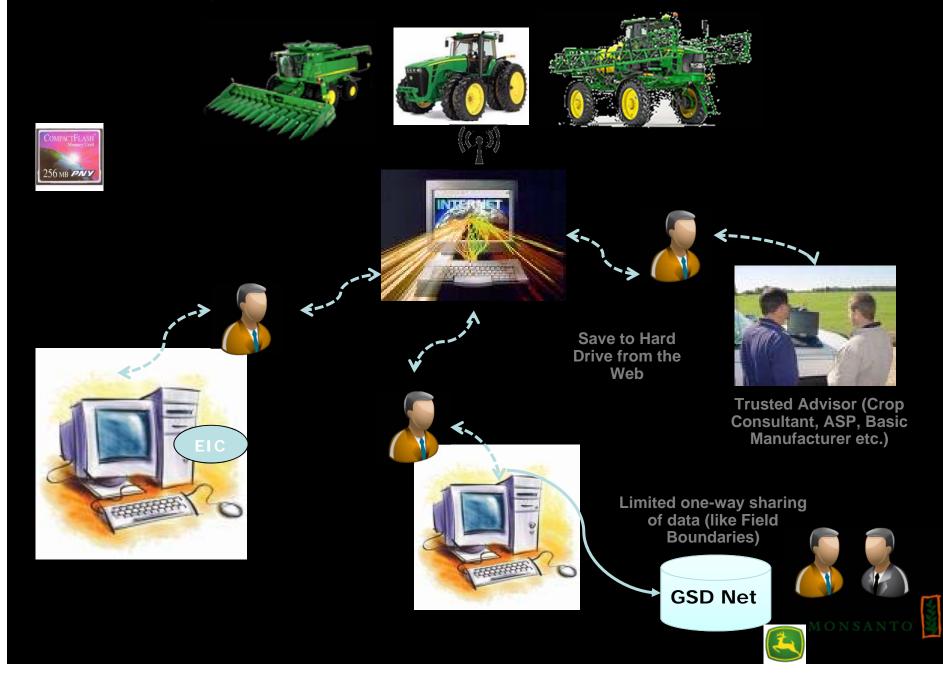
Sustainable Crop Production Cycle

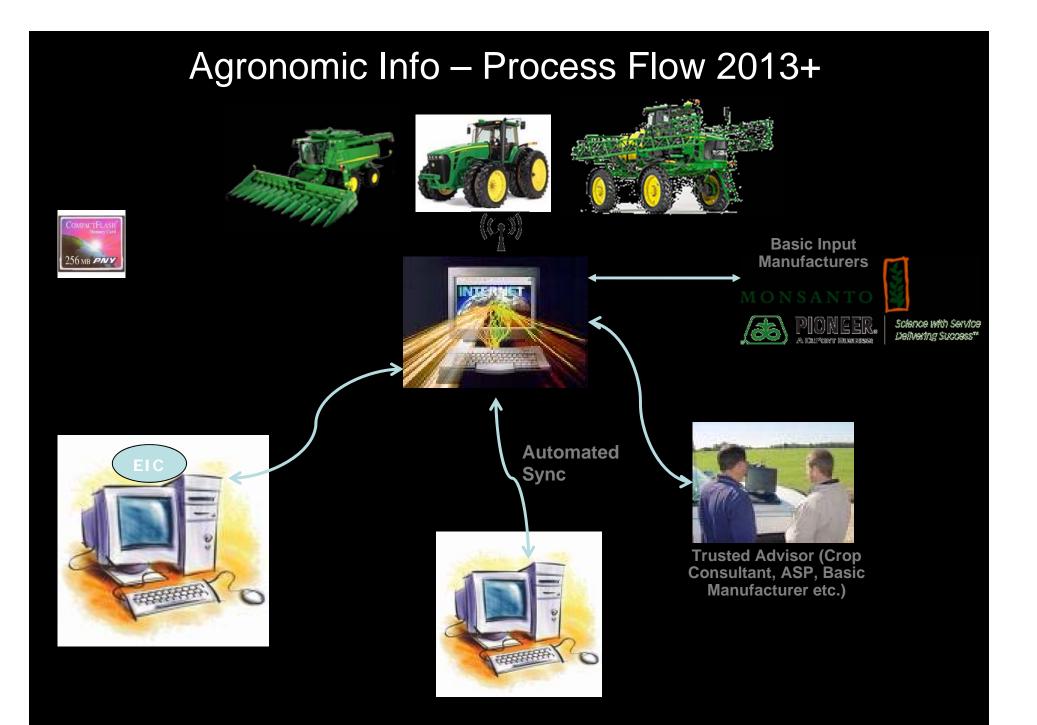


Agronomic Info – Process Flow Today



Agronomic Info – Process Flow 2012





The Immediate Future

- Biggerwider migrates to Smarterbetter
- Tier IV engine exhaust cleaner than air going in
- Replacing 'carbon computer' with silicone chips—more precise, more efficient.
- Sub-inch accuracy optimizes placement, enables speed
- Seamless data capture and transfer optimizes prescriptive inputs
- Split applications minimize environmental exposure, nitrogen run off, hypoxia







Can we produce enough to feed and fuel the world?

With appropriate policies and continued innovation—Absolutely!

And we can do it sustainably.

